Appendix 2

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
1	A 4	Financial Resources	Reduction in government grant combined with higher demand for demand-led services such as homelessness, or failure to generate income. Failure to realise capital receipts from disposals to support capital expenditure.	•	Reductions in services required Performance against community expectations and targets reduced Investment in improvement not possible or severely reduced Failure to meet statutory duties with potential for legal action or Local	Head of Strategic Finance & Property	•	Minimum Balances held on risk assessment basis to cushion impact over short term (max 2 years) Modelling of impact of grant settlement scenarios and function and funding changes Three year MTFP savings programme Transformation Programme in scoping stage to deliver
			External auditor challenges MRP Policy and capital financing decisions Council Tax Referendum levels set too low to generate sufficient tax revenue. Sudden economic Down turn results in negative Tax Base figures because of increased local Council Tax support claims	•	Government Ombudsman finds significant cases of maladministration Corporate Manslaughter charges if maintenance works not carried out, e.g. Legionella in air handling and cooling units Large numbers of staff redundancies Major media		•	savings and efficiencies through an emphasis on: digital self-service; process automation; agile working leading to a much reduced accommodation requirement with target of £1 million cashable savings. Transforming East Herts Commercial Strategy will specify commercial skill sets and set out the council's approach to risk appetite

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
			Members do not agree significant savings at budget setting leading to an unbalanced budget leading to a s.114 report.	•	engagement Potential for MHCLG intervention		 and give guidance on how income generating ideas should be taken forward.Financial Sustainability Committee considering investments in infrastructure or operational assets that yield income or cost reductions that are not caught PWLB lending rules New capital programme items must make a return for the investment in cost reductions or income on top
			Delay and/or significant cost over runs on major projects	•	Delay leads to cost increases beyond the ability of the council to finance the capital costs Delays and cost overruns lead to non- delivery of savings requiring service offer reductions to compensate Projected savings not achieved after project completion due to		 of covering the interest and MRP costs Charges will be required to be in conformity with proposed corporate policy on charging recovering total costs and concessions will need to be justified in policy terms and funded by higher charges for others. Business case reviews to ensure that projects make a return

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
				 changes in market away from service offer Significant local media engagement Reputational damage. 		 Cost and income estimates commissioned from industry expert consultants to feed into business case Project delivery by Major Projects Team with quarterly reports on progress to Leadership Team and Executive. Construction insurance presentation held in November and quotes to be sought for relevant covers. Capital Programme is phased and financed across years and contingency built into budgets so can be rephased if required.

	Update on current position
1	The lockdown has caused a loss of income of approximately £800,000 per month. The third national lockdown was reviewed in mid-February and with the new variants of the virus and the vaccination programme underway the base planning assumption that some form of restriction will remain in place until June at the earliest was confirmed. Once restrictions are eased we expect a cautious and gradual lifting with close examination of data so it is likely to take some time for people to return to their previous patterns of behaviour.

Update on current position

- Total Government support of just over £2.9 million has been received to date for Council services. A further £63.6 million has been received by the Council and paid out to support business and the community in East Herts.
- Council's £2.9 million funding compensates for loss of transactional income but not items such as rent on investment properties. It also contains one off funding for new burdens administering grants for business and residents but is significantly less than the actual cost of administering these schemes.
- Rent payments on investment properties have no significant defaults to date. Rent reductions have been agreed for 2 tenants in Charringtons but this has to set against compensation that would have been payable when we need to move tenants out for handover for the Old River Lane regeneration as we have included appropriate break clauses as part of the new rent agreement.
- Government has committed to the income compensation scheme for the first quarter of 2021/2 and it is possible that they would extend the scheme to cover periods of restrictions beyond quarter 1.
- Once the pandemic has ended and the economy has started to recover, the Government will have to determine how it will manage public finances going forward. It is likely that a new phase of austerity may well follow and central funding for district councils is likely to be limited or reduced. The government may well change the local taxation system by abolishing Business Rates and Council Tax and replacing it with some other form of property related or land value taxation. The Government may also decide to impose reorganisation on local government to reduce the number of Councils significantly.
- Leadership Team and Service Managers have looked at agile working proposals and validated the likely maximum number of desks required going forward. Indicative figures at this stage indicate that Wallfields is too large for our requirements and officers are now exploring options around sharing space with tenants or whether relocation elsewhere would produce greater savings.
- Transformation Programme vision, benefits realisation classifications, work streams and new digital by default customer journey ethos due for Executive validation during Mayapproval in July with all Member briefing session to be programmed instaff briefings in August. Regular update reports to Executive on progress.
- Savings plans for 2021/22 is on target with garden waste sign up being on budget assumption with a high on-line sign up of 92.5% and direct debit payments at 82%

Upd	late	on	currei	nt p	osition
		••••			

- Corporate policy on charging to be developed to ensure consistency across charges there have been a number of below cost charges agreed with no clear policy or justification in the past that are having to be dealt with as part of aligning charges with North Herts for joint commercial waste services.
- Grange Paddocks and Northgate End construction work is underway.
- Hartham contract awarded and within budget in February with works commencing on site<u>commenced</u> late March.
- Old River Lane /Arts Centre change in scope progressing and approved by Council in March alongside the business plan. Development Agreement and Development Management Agreement draft approaching completion in April with s.151 officer and monitoring officer input.
- •___Hertford Theatre due to commence later in 2021.
- All major capital projects are at risk of potential prices increases as a result of the combined impact of COVID / BREXIT related inflationary pressures. The materials market has seen a 25% increase in both steel and timber prices in the last quarter as well as increases in concrete and other materials. In addition to the increasing cost of materials, there is a significant shortage of labour supply for the construction and M&E industries, which is in turn pushing up the price of labour. This is a national issue.
- <u>The national shortage of HGV drivers is driving up pay and this will lead to pressures on the cost of the waste</u> <u>contract.</u>

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
2	Β3	Corporate Governance and external political environment	Brexit trade deal risks Planning Policy Changes	 Potential project delays due to labour shortages or materials imports, or increased project costs due to tariffs or supply chain difficulties. Settled status for EU nationals not taken up with consequent Border Force enforcement action Non-Tariff barriers leading to supply chain price increases and longer replenishment times. Some UK businesses may relocate to the EU making current domestic supplies into imports. Government policy changes to introduce development zones, ends s.106 and CIL for government infrastructure levy 	Chief Executive	 Address issues of labour shortage with contractors at progress meetings. Raise skills shortages at the LEP to ensure we train young people. Promote settled status application sand provide assistance through the CAB Consider forward funding stockpile of materials subject to delays as part of contract mobilisation Consider risks to supply chain as part of procurement exercises Both officers and Members are engaged in networking and lobbying to seek to influence change and to gain early indications of new policies

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
			Local government reorganisation / Devolution	 Government impose unitary authorities and reduce exchequer grants by savings made 		 Both officers and Members are engaged in networking and lobbying to seek to influence change and to gain early indications of new policies.
			Climate Change / Zero Carbon / Build Back Greener	 District required to be carbon neutral from 2030 and Government targets set with fines for non-achievement 		 Work underway to progress carbon reduction and also exploring potential investments that support this aim but would also produce income for the council in the medium term.
			Changes to local taxation	 Business Rates and or Council Tax replaced with Land Value Tax or Local Income Tax Potential protests and non-payment campaigns Measure may end land banking with developers commencing on multiple sites to build out permissions and avoid LVT Uncertainty as to tax yields and redistribution 		 Both officers and Members are engaged in networking and lobbying to seek to influence change and to gain early indications of new policies. LVT is in operation in Denmark, Estonia and Latvia and there are suggested routes to implementation already published. Local Income Tax would require key data from HMRC before implications could be

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
				mechanisms cause difficulties budgeting		understood.
			Leadership / Management change	 Change in leadership politically sets radically different policy agenda and tone 		 Corporate Plan process Member induction and training Code of conduct Monitoring Officer/ s.151 officer
				 Change in Leadership Team structure 		 HR policies Estimates of workload v capacity Corporate Plan process
			Recession leading to increase in unemployment, business failure; low business growth and commercial property values decreasing significantly.	 Unemployment. Empty properties / shops. Lower rental income from council property portfolio. Increased demand on council services. Reduction in Council Tax Base due to LCTSS being a discount. Reduction in Business Bates income to the 		 European Regional Development Fund / MHCLG project to support businesses with advice and support on growing. Ware and Bishop's Stortford Launchpad to be grown. COVID support grants and business rates reliefs for 2020/21 and 2021/22 to support businesses through the pandemic. Broxbourne BC and CVS
				Rates income to the safety net level		Broxbourne BC and CVS digital skills support

	Update on current position
2	 Rydon's report that there is a national shortage of bricklayers which may affect Northgate End redevelopment timescales although they are confident they can resolve the issue. This situation seems counter intuitive since ONS issued statistics showing 64% of bricklayers were furloughed and their wages fell by 8%. Officers shall continue to monitor the situation and seek to understand the situation but as bricklayers are considered a high vulnerability job, as it cannot be done remotely and therefore has a high risk of infection, there is perhaps a reluctance to come off furlough until they have been vaccinated. As at 12 December 7,200 individuals with an East Herts address had applied for Settled Status. This indicates a strong appetite for EU citizens to remain in the district. Officers are considering the lessons from how the Council has been able to operate during the pandemic. It is evident that working from home is possible on a greater scale and this will have implications for our future accommodation needs and reduce travel leading to lower carbon emissions Council is actively targeting food waste reduction. The Climate Change Committee say that for the UK's next carbon budget food waste must be reduced by 75% i.e. the vast majority of carbon emissions are from the production and transportation of food that is wasted. The UN report on food waste said that almost a billion tons of food was wasted and led to carbon emissions that if it were a country, would be third behind the USA and China 2 stage approach to mitigating recession following COVID-19: In the first lockdown the council supported over 2,200 businesses with £30m of government funded grants and £18m of reliefs. A further £6.8m has been paid out since November through different government grant schemes and a further 600 businesses have benefitted on top of the 2,200 above.
	 £132,000 of ERDF funding has been allocated to support safe re-opening of High Streets and has covered work such as traffic management on high streets to encourage social distancing. Due to the second national lockdown retail businesses are again facing significant challenges and our most recent response has been to introduce a shop local campaign focused on on-line buying and takeaways / click and collect services. The funding was also used to purchase hand sanitisers in town centres and planters to replace temporary traffic barriers. Council also commissioned a new service with Broxbourne Borough Council and the CVS to support newly unemployed residents get back into work by supporting them with digital skills such as interviewing over Zoom and

Update on current positio	n
MS Teams. Service launched 5th October 2020. As at 31 March 2021	41 individuals had made use of the scheme.

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
3	Α3	Performance, resilience and security of IT systems	Data and/or information lost causing breach of Data Protection Act Cyber-attack results in total loss of data and systems	•	Substantial fine from Information Commissioner Major media engagement Reputational damage Disruption to services potentially long-running Inability to carry out enforcement as no records to check against Resources devoted to recovery moved off to assist police investigation delaying recovery Major media engagement	Deputy Chief Executive	•	Network Virtual Desktop configuration prevents download of data to local storage devices Network firewall and security systems tested and monitored Staff training Confidential waste shredded Massive reductions in printing since pandemic
			Investment in ICT does not result in savings	•	Reputational damage Council becomes financially unsustainable		•	Projects to include estimated benefits and monitored through benefits realisation reports. The investment requirements are tried and tested systems that have resulted in savings elsewhere.

	Update on current position
3	 January's report showed that: 3,298 spam emails were blocked out of 248,920 received. 19 impersonation attempts were blocked. 20 emails containing malware were blocked. A dedicated GDPR/Data Protection Officer has been recruited and has taken up the post. Recent weekend shutdowns have enabled the disabling of old technology that was no longer supported or updated. New firewalls and switches have been installed and although slightly behind due to resourcing issues, all major projects are progressing well. A small agile working group has been established and is currently working to develop a trial partial reopening of the Wallfields office in April. We are working towards the Government dates and will review in line with any guidance or changes that emerge. The office has been assessed to ensure it is meeting current COVID guidance. As the ICT upgrade projects progress there have been several incidents that have resulted in the loss of IT for staff and members. A day and a half of productivity was lost in June. The issue was identified and rectified but this has further exposed how our aging infrastructure is starting to impact on the organisation. SBC (IT Shared partner) are developing a scope to be agreed by both parties for a review to be undertaken at the request of the respective council leaders, to provide assurance going forward. In addition additional resourcing is being investigated to see if the replacement programme can be accelerated. This has not resulted in the councils experiencing any data security and cyber risks. A new interim ICT Partnership Manager came into post during August and is making changes in project delivery arrangements and major incident protocols.

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
4	B 2	Staff capacity and skills to deliver services	Loss of key staff	 Disruption to Council services Poor customer service Internal control or governance failure Reputation damaged in the media 	Head of Human Resources and Org Development	 Staff development including the on-line learning pool Succession planning for key staff within Services Use of flexible retirement to ensure continuity of experienced staff whilst
			Staff capacity unable to deliver projects Unable to recruit to key posts	 Staff cannot undertake level or volume of work to meet all priorities Council does not deliver performance expectations Opportunities lost to improve outcomes Partners lose confidence in ability to deliver Public lose confidence in ability to deliver Disruption to Council services Poor customer service Internal control or governance failure Reputation damaged in 		 experienced start whilst bringing on staff into roles Prioritisation of work through the Corporate Plan and Executive Members Major projects taken forward with corporate project management standards via the Major Projects Team Market supplements where appropriate Selective use of external resources and contingent labour through neutral vendor to drive down costs. Internal communications emphasising welfare and mental health
				the mediaDisruption to Council		Contingency planning

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
			Industrial action	servicesPoor customer serviceNon-delivery of projects		Contingency planning

	Update on current position
4	 Staff turnover had reduced for the 19/20 (1/4/19-31/3/2020) period to 10.1% from 19% (18/19) meaning that the regrading and pay proposals appear to have aided attraction and retention as planned. Turnover has continued to remain low which is common in the current pandemic and for 20/21 it has reduced further to 8.4% for global turnover with 6.3% for voluntary turnover (there were 28 leavers, but 7 leavers left due to redundancy/FTC expiring). The number of leavers in Q4 did increase and it remains challenging to recruit senior planning officers especially as agency terms are move favourable than direct salaries, the service is being restructured in 21-22 to try to improve the structure and create more opportunities for growth and retention (Golden Hellos are already used where appropriate as is 100% funding for qualifications. The area remains a priority for grow your own through apprentice and career graded posts and these are used but currently there is not a valid apprentice framework to utilise. In line with savings required all recruitment must be approved by Leadership Team with enhanced justification and a requirement to explore either restructures or process changes to eliminate the need for the post. The temporary labour supply arrangement went live in April 2020 which has reduced fees paid to agencies and ensures a wider pool of potential candidates. This is working fairly well with issues resolved with Matrix where they arise to improve the pooling. The Indeed EHC branded website is working ok but has not been as successful as hoped. An improved online application form managed through an Applicant Tracking System (ATS) will be introduced in 21-22 to make the candidate journey easier and hopefully reduce the drop off caused by moving between systems. Ongoing work has continued with the Communications team and HR to improve the online presence and promote
	 the employer brand further. Case studies are being developed to support welcoming diversity. Career graded posts are continuing to be used and proving successful for hard to recruit posts with all four Lawyer

Update on current position
 roles successfully filled. All four have started in post which is already really improving the legal capacity of EHC. A review of apprentices is continuing to both manage costs and support succession. This has been slowed by the pandemic, but we now recruiting into customer services as this allows progression into a range of services. We are awaiting a new planner framework and will use this to bring further planning apprentices. The Wellbeing survey was re-run alongside a full staff survey in December 2020 and the staff satisfaction rates received are high which is positive with 95% of respondents proud to work for EHC and 94.7% would recommend EHC to others as a good place to work. Once completed, Northgate End, Hertford Theatre and Old River Lane sites will all require IT and Facilities Management support over extended operating hours.

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
5	C 4	Poor performance or failure of key partner or contractor	Poor performance or failure of key partner or contractor	•	Disruption to all Council services Additional costs resulting from response Demand to partner organisations to provide mutual aid to support our response Cost and time involved in unplanned procurement exercises Major media engagement Reputational damage	Head of Operations	•	Risk of contractor failure increased due to COVID. Regular discussions are continuing with contractors and key third sector partners to ensure no failures in delivery particularly during the pandemic Credit risk scores are obtained for major contractors during the operation of the contract and particular attention is

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
			Failure to mobilise major outsourced contracts properly and/or on time	 Disruption to council services Damage to relations with outsourcing partner and potential damages claim Major media engagement Reputational damage 		 paid to trade news concerning contractors' financial health. Offer of open book accounting to examine any potential cost increases as a result of changing circumstances. Waste-related business continuity plans are also regularly reviewed. Brexit restrictions and the closure of Asian export markets will impact on the sale of materials and income may cease and costs may increase. Talks are ongoing with other Hertfordshire authorities to determine alternative recycling operators. The council is investigating a circular economy option for the plastics waste stream in particular.

	Update on current position
5	 Risk of business failure has increased due to COVID. Business continuity plans refreshed and regular dialogue maintained with contractors who have been informed the council would look sympathetically at cost increases provided the council was told in advance and the contactor undertook to use reasonable endeavours to resolve cost pressures themselves utilising furlough and other central government support. Successful bid to the National Leisure Recovery Fund in partnership with SLM to support costs whilst reopening with reduced activities and reduced class sizes to maintain social distancing. Contingency plans to step in should contractors fail. Principal route will be to use a TEKAL company to provide the service pending retendering as the company vehicle preserves the private sector T&Cs of employment. Council has and is prepared to offer loans to help contractors with cash flow, subject to an assessment that they are a going concern Requirement for higher recycled packaging content has caused some plastic materials prices to increase.
	 Requirement for higher recycled packaging content has caused some plastic materials prices to increase.

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
6	C 3	Judicial Review and or major legal challenge	Council loses case	•	Council policy (ies) can no longer be used Unregulated activity until soundly based policy put in place Large costs award against Council Reputational damage Major media engagement Monitoring Officer and	Head of Legal and Democratic Services	•	All Executive, Committee and Council reports require sign off by legal and finance to ensure compliance with budget and policy framework and current legislation. List of policies maintained with review dates. Information Governance function strengthened to

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
				 or s.151 officer issues Report in the Public Interest MHCLG intervention Potential requirement to repeat procurement exercise and compensate unsuccessful bidders in first exercise Additional and or abortive costs 		 ensure compliance with data protection. Policies should be backed by evidence and Leadership Team consideration involves constructive challenge as well as formal Monitoring Officer and s.151 officer.

	Update on current position
6	 Four new solicitors starting with the Council following a successful recruitment process. First solicitor started in January and the final one joined in April. The Contracts Lawyer, who started in March 2021, will allow for much greater control over the Council's major project work and has already begun attending meeting of this nature. Successfully recruited an Information Governance and Data Protection Manager who started at the beginning of 2021, providing the Council with greater resilience against data breaches. Making good progress in addressing any deficiencies or weakness in the Council's approach to data protection and information management. There has been a reduction in the amount of work being outsourced meaning that, where legal advice is required, East Herts Legal Team are consulted throughout. This should reduce the risk of problems arising further down the line.

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
7	A 1	District Plan	Failure to refresh District Plan to timescales and /or refreshed District Plan found to be unsound at examination	•	Planning becomes developer led rather than planning policy led through 5 year land supply test Additional costs to redo work Additional costs of planning appeals and possible judicial reviews Reputational damage Loss of affordable housing andS.106 / community infrastructure levy benefits Failure to meet 5 year Housing Land Supply requirements Possible intervention by MHCLG	Head of Planning	•	Evidence based planning policy decisions Strong focus on Member, Parish, partner and community buy-in

	Update on current position
7	 The District Plan was adopted in October 2018 following a successful examination in public. Planning in East Herts is therefore 'plan-led' rather than 'developer-led'.

Update on current position									
 The majority of strategic sites now have an agreed Masterplan. Following the Housing Delivery Test results in January, the Council has maintained the minimum 5% buffer and therefore can demonstrate a five year land supply in excess of 6 years. The Council has also continued its trend of annual improvements on the Housing Delivery Test, this year being able to demonstrate a 104% delivery rate meaning that the Council is meeting its housing need and addressing the undersupply of previous years as well. A total of 994 dwellings were completed in 2020/21. Of these, 326 were affordable homes which represents 32.8% of all completed dwellings in the district. To be effective plans need to be kept up-to-date. The National Planning Policy Framework states policies in local plans, should be reviewed to assess whether they need updating at least once every 5 years, and should then be updated as necessary. Officers are currently considering whether a review of the District Plan is required. 									

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
8	A 4	Climate change	Severe Weather causing major incident (includes flood, wind, snow, cold and heat)	•	Disruption to Council services as staff diverted to response Additional costs of response Service changes required if long recovery phase Service change required to adapt e.g. heatwave early day starts Major media engagement	Head of Housing & Health	 Business Continuity Plan Severe Weather section Emergency Plan including specific response plans to flooding etc. Health and Safety Policy details severe weather response Council reducing carbon footprint for the district
			Drought Weather extremes require	•	Disruption to some services through water restrictions Additional costs of support to vulnerable service users Public health issues Non-availability of		 Emergency Plan Business continuity plan Council reducing carbon footprint for the district New modern workspace work stream of the
			substantial retrofit costs for asset adaptions	•	capital resources may cause working conditions on some days to be unbearable. Instances of abandoning assets where hold the		work stream of the Transformation Programme will address climate change issues in the design

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
				 line defences against floods no longer viable Increasing attacks by non-native species causing biodiversity loss Increased costs arising from new operating requirements, e.g. sustained +30 degree heat requires refuse freighter insides to be degreased and jetted out regularly to prevent oils and fats combusting 		

Update on current position

• Climate change motion agreed July 2019.

8

- Multi-agency environmental and climate change forum continues.
- Energy efficiency modifications to key existing buildings and new electricity contract is from renewable sources.
- Review of motor fleet with extended use of e-vehicles proposed.
- Carbon footprint reducing as a consequence of pandemic and homeworking. Future agile working will support.
- Food waste minimisation campaign to reduce carbon footprint by food being wasted as well as the disposal route.
- List of achievements posted on website at https://www.eastherts.gov.uk/about-east-herts-0/environmentalsustainability/sustainability-get-involved.
- Training commenced for officers. Attended by 101 employees to date.
- Clean Air Day campaign held.

Update on current position								
Engagement with insurers over design / materials for new buildings. <u>Use of sustainable materials and modern</u>								
methods of construction proving problematic. Insurers want more emphasis on property protection (in addition to								
life saving standards). Major developments are also situated in or adjacent to flood zones.								

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
9	A 1	Child / Vulnerable Adult Protection	Child / Vulnerable Adult protection failure	 Possible legal action for damages Possible prosecution Major media engagement Reputational damage 	Head of Housing & Health	 Safeguarding policy Annual training for staff and Members

	Update on current position								
9		 Member safeguarding training took place on 17 February 2021 							
		• Officer training on safeguarding annually. Targeted training took place for 10 officers in quarter one with 40 booked							
		to future sessions. Further training being provided to Community Safety Partnership Board and Joint Advisory Group							
		Partners.							
		 Quarterly safeguarding report submitted to Leadership Team. 							
		Herts Safeguarding Adults Board invited to undertake a review with the Council of its safeguarding policies and							
		practice.							

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
10	A 2	Equalities	Council found to	•	Possible legal action for	Head of	•	East Herts into a shared
			discriminated against		damages	Comms,		service for equalities and
			individuals or communities	•	Possible enquiry and	Policy &		diversity support with HCC
			with protected		report by Equalities &	Strategy		in November 2020.
			characteristics OR council		Human Rights		•	New strategy being
			has made a decision		Commission			developed to address
			without considering	•	Major media			challenges and embed
			equalities and diversity		engagement			equalities and diversity in
			implications.	•	Reputational damage			decision making.

	Update on current position								
10		• Strategy due to go to Overview and Scrutiny Committee on 8 June 2021, then Executive 6 July and Council 28 July.							
		 New strategy has been drafted and shared with Committee and Executive along with stakeholders including the CAS, CVS, GATE, LGBT representatives, the CDA and others. We are confident the strategy articulates the right challenges 							
		and issues and sets out actions on how to mitigate them. Once adopted at council we will begin delivery of the key actions.							

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
11	B 2	Internal control	Failure of internal control or unethical behaviour	•	Qualified accounts Possible Police involvement if fraud involved Major media engagement	Head of Strategic Finance and Property	•	Key reconciliations carried out regularly. Internal audit work planned and undertaken on key areas. Assurance Mapping

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
				 Reputational damage Increased costs as a result of loss or fine or compensation payments 		 Electronic workflow where controls much harder to circumvent Separation of duties appropriate to the staffing numbers

Update on current position									
11	 Audits remain mostly on track and there is sufficient audit scope for an assurance opinion to be given Assurance Mapping approach to be introduced which will show visually where assurance is gained and also identifies duplications and unnecessary steps which will inform officers undertaking lean process reviews and help Audit & Governance Committee to see where there are risks and then internal audit resources can be directed there. 								

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
12	A 4	Outbreak of disease in humans	Pandemic and/or Public Health Emergency Declared	•	Loss of staff and/or key skills due to illness and related absenteeism Requirement to enable entire workforce to work from home Requirement for Council and Committees to meet via video conference Loss of income/additional costs Loss of essential services /utilities/ suppliers Demand from partner organisations to provide staff and other resources to support their response Major media engagement Disruption to all Council services Increased risk of fraud from support programmes	Head of Housing and Health	•	Emergency Plan Dynamic risk assessments and keeping office open and COVID secure in line with government guidance.

	Update on current position				
12 • Updates on financial compensation are included under Risk 1					
	 Updates on recovery work on supporting the local economy are detailed under Risk 2 				
	 Alternative working methods instigated as a result of Covid 19 including home working and IT communications solutions (Zoom, Teams, WhatsApp and the like) 				
	• Agile Working pilot commenced 19 th April 2021 to trial more permanent move to more flexible working methods				
	Detailed, up-to-date risk assessments in place including frequent Covid self-testing				
	Live Well, Work Well programme amended to incorporate greater emphasis on staff mental health				
	 Joined up working with key partners, notably HCC and the police, to ensure coherent and planned use of financial and staff resources, for example Covid marshals and joint visits/advice/enforcement actions re: businesses. (Covid marshal scheme extended during quarter one.) Shop safe, shop local campaign held. 				
	 Restart grants for businesses and community covid recovery grant schemes opened. 				
	 Public facing recovery plan published in April. 				
	In-person Member meetings resumed.				

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
13	A 1	Business Continuity Plan / Emergency Plan	Major Incident Occurs Plan fails	•	Loss of essential services / utilities/ suppliers Demand from partner organisations to provide staff and other resources to support their response Major media engagement Disruption to all Council services Unable to support partner organisations to provide staff and other resources to support their response	Head of Housing & Health	•	Emergency Plan Major Incident protocols Business Continuity Plan Keep plans under review every 6 month and keep evidence. Review of response after every incident Training for staff in EP roles Regular exercises once a quarter Emergency and Resilience work provided through Hertfordshire County Council
					Possible legal action or public inquiry			

	Update on current position					
13	 Normal business continuity and emergency planning activities have continued during the pandemic Mutual aid was provided to the NHS to support staff shortages as well as supporting testing and vaccination Desk top exercise accessing plans and refresh of contact lists undertaken Responded to IT outage referenced in item 3 and services were maintained. Royal death protocol implemented following the passing of the Duke of Edinburgh. Communications test undertaken from County to Districts to check notification cascade. 					

Update on current position
Review of business continuity plan to commence in quarter two.

	Description Likelihood of occurrence			Probability of occurrence			
Likelihood	4	High	Monthly	The event is expected to occur or occurs regularly			
	3	Medium	Annually	The event will probably occur			
	2	Low	1 in 5 years	The event may occur			
	1	Very Low	Less frequently than 1 in 5 years	The event may occur in exceptional circumstances			
		Description	Financial	Reputation	Service / operation		
Impact	A	Critical	> £1m p.a.	Serious negative media	Catastrophic fall in service quality or long term disruption to services		
	В	Significant	£400,000 to £1m p.a.	Adverse national media	Major fall in service quality or serious disruption to services		
	С	Marginal	£100,000 to £400,000 p.a.	Adverse local media	Significant fall in service quality		
	D	Minor	<£100,000	Public concerns restricted to local complaints	Little impact to service quality		